# Gender pay gap report

2017



MORGAN SINDALL GROUP





John Morgan
Chief Executive



We aim to provide all of our employees with opportunities to develop their careers, by ensuring that we operate an inclusive, empowered culture, underpinned by respect at all times.



## Introduction

Morgan Sindall Group plc is a leading UK construction and regeneration group with revenue of c£2.8bn, employing around 6,400 employees and operating in the public, regulated and private sectors. We operate through six divisions of Construction & Infrastructure, Fit Out, Property Services, Partnership Housing, Urban Regeneration and Investments (the Group).

In April 2017 new legislation came into force requiring companies with more than 250 employees to publish their gender pay gap. This report sets out the gender pay gap of each of the Group's legal entities to which the legislation applies. We have also produced data for the Group as a whole, including all of our companies regardless of the number of employees, because we believe that a full understanding of our gender pay gap is in the best interests of the Group and our employees.

Developing and retaining talented people is a key strategic objective for the Group and vital to our success. We aim to provide all of our employees with opportunities to develop their careers, by ensuring that we operate an inclusive, empowered culture, underpinned by respect at all times.

While the proportion of women within the Group is higher than the industry average, the process of collecting and analysing our gender pay gap data has highlighted to us that women are under-represented, particularly within senior roles. Going forward we are committed to addressing this imbalance and to achieving a year-on-year reduction in our gender pay gap.

I confirm that the data contained in this report is accurate and meets the requirements of the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Gap Information) Regulations 2017.

For and on behalf of the Board of Morgan Sindall Group plc

John Morgan.

John Morgan Chief Executive



**£2.8**bn

2017 Group revenue



6,400

employees operating in the public, regulated and private sectors

# Our gender pay gap

#### **Equal Pay**

It is important to note that the gender pay gap is not the same as equal pay. Equal pay should be received by men and women performing equal or equivalent work. We have carried out additional analysis and are satisfied that men and women doing the same job and/or at the same level are being paid equitably across the Group.

#### How the gender pay gap is calculated

The gender pay gap compares men's and women's average hourly pay regardless of the type or level of their role. We have taken pay data from the whole Group. which includes many different roles with a variety of pay rates, and calculated and compared the mean average and median (mid-point) pay for each gender.

The median and mean calculations are also used to compare bonus pay over a 12-month period. The proportion of men and women awarded a bonus over the 12-month period is also reported.

The percentage pay quartiles are produced by listing the rates of pay for all employees from highest to lowest, splitting them into four equal-sized groups and calculating the percentage of men and women in each.

#### Headline gender pay gap for the Group

Our median and mean gender pay gap as at the snapshot date of 5 April 2017, and bonuses paid in the year to 5 April 2017, are shown below.

Mean (average)	Median (middle)		
Gender pay gap			
33.0%	31.0%		
Gender bonus gap			
58.1%	42.0%		

#### Understanding our gender pay gap

Our analysis of our gender pay gap at 5 April 2017 shows that the gap has arisen because women hold fewer senior higher-paid roles within the Group. While women make up 21% of the overall workforce, only 8% of our senior managers (those attracting the highest level of remuneration) are female. When we adjust for this factor our pay gap drops to 6.7%, where any differences can largely be explained by time in role or skill-set factors. This demonstrates that our biggest opportunity to close the gap is by encouraging and promoting female talent.

Although all employees have an equal opportunity to earn a bonus payment, and an equal proportion of men and women (61% in each case) received a bonus in the 12-month period, our bonus pay gap is driven by fewer women holding senior positions where higher bonuses are paid.

#### Proportion of men and women employed



#### Proportion of men and women receiving a bonus payment



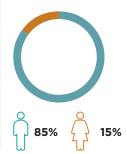


#### Proportion of men and women by pay quartile, illustrating the gender distribution across the Group

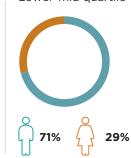
Upper quartile



Upper-mid quartile



Lower-mid quartile



Lower quartile



Introduction

# **Taking action**

#### Taking action on our gender pay gap

The construction industry in which we operate is a traditionally male sector, with only 12% of the workforce being women. We intend to encourage more women into the industry, motivate them to stay with us, and support them in building their careers. As we work to a decentralised philosophy, each of our divisions has responsibility for designing and implementing initiatives to support these aims and reduce its own gender pay gap.

Unfortunately, there is no quick fix to the gender pay gap, especially within the construction sector where there is under-representation of women as a whole. However, we are committed to implementing our long-term initiatives and to ensuring, in the meantime, that all employees continue to be paid equally and fairly for the roles that they are in.



#### Encouraging under-represented groups of employees into the Group

- Promoting careers in construction within schools and universities
- Focusing on recruitment/ advertising campaigns to make them more attractive to underrepresented groups
- Graduate and apprenticeship programmes



#### Supporting under-represented groups of employees to remain with the Group

- Reviewing our approach to returnships to support employees return to work after longer-term career breaks
- Exploring opportunities to enable employees to take career breaks
- · Agile working initiatives
- · E-learning training in inclusivity



#### Making opportunities accessible to under-represented groups of employees

- Monitoring our pipeline of talent
- Sponsoring/mentoring programmes
- Development programmes for all employees



#### Examples of specific actions recently undertaken by our divisions include:

#### Attracting senior returners back to the sector



#### Supporting women after maternity leave



#### **Encouraging enterprise and skills**



# **Statutory declarations**

Morgan Sindall Group plc has four legal entities with at least 250 employees. Under the Regulations we are required to report our gender pay gap data for each of these entities as set out below.

Lovell

Partnerships Limited

Gender pay gap

Gender bonus

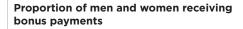
pay gap

Morgan Sindall Construction & infrastructure Ltd	Median	Mean
Gender pay gap	28.5%	29.4%
Gender bonus pay gap	45.5%	52.0%

Overbury plc	Median	Mean
Gender pay gap	51.1%	49.8%
Gender bonus pay gap	59.7%	71.1%

Morgan Sindall Property Services Limited	Median	Mean
Gender pay gap	11.9%	18.3%
Gender bonus pay gap	5.6%	79.9%

# Proportion of men and women receiving bonus payments



### Proportion of men and women receiving bonus payments

Median

32.6%

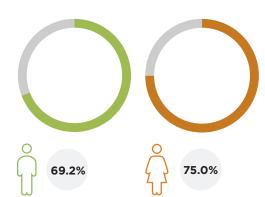
-191.4%

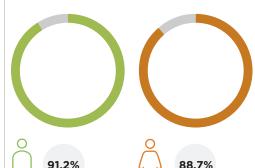
Mean

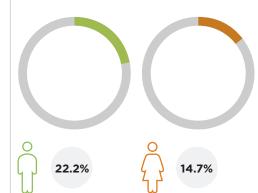
28.4%

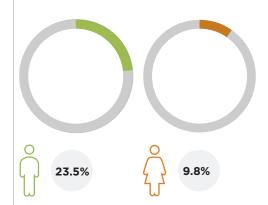
-55.5%

# Proportion of men and women receiving bonus payments



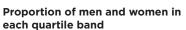






# Proportion of men and women in each quartile band

	Men	Women
Upper quartile	94%	6%
Upper-mid quartile	87%	13%
Lower-mid quartile	77%	23%
Lower quartile	73%	27%



-		
	Men	Women
Upper quartile	96.1%	3.9%
Upper-mid quartile	90.3%	9.7%
Lower-mid quartile	76.0%	24.0%
Lower quartile	47.7%	52.3%

Proportion of men and women in each quartile band

	Men	Women
Upper quartile	90%	10%
Upper-mid quartile	81%	19%
Lower-mid quartile	60%	40%
Lower quartile	66%	34%

Proportion of men and women in each quartile band

	Men	Women
Upper quartile	83%	17%
Upper-mid quartile	87%	13%
Lower-mid quartile	86%	14%
Lower quartile	63%	37%